ABOUT

The Material Matrix is a guide to the different variations of prefabrication that are available in our industry. Acting as a beginning point for designers and interested parties to understand the different options available to them.

THE MATERIAL MATRIX

TO START

Addressing the number one question of

COST

" Is it cheaper? "

For more information see the PrefabNZ Value Case for Prefab at prefabnz.com/resources

1. Time Savings

Simplified Design + Build Timeline

Design process is longer

when prefabrication is

included.

When you should begin considering how to onsite and offset. Meaning twice as much work done in the same period of time.

Start

The build process is able to overlapped onsite and offset. Meaning twice as much work done in the same period of time.

Complete

Offsite and onsite

elements come

together on onsite.

2. Save time = save money

60% - 15% saving = \$32,000

60% of construction time can be reduced through offsite construction

PrefabNZ Value Case 2014

3. Cost Savings

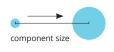




Prefab delivery can mean a saving of about 15% in total construction cost - \$32,000 for a 157m2 house.

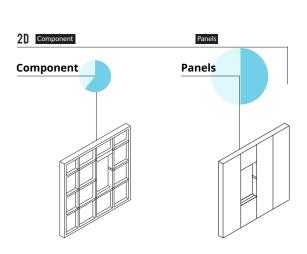
PrefabNZ Value Case 2014

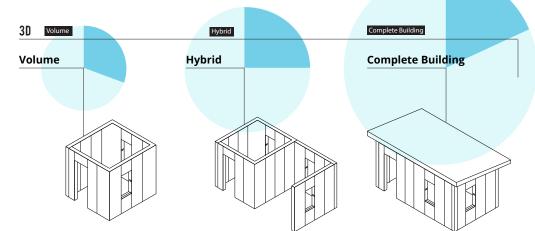
CATEGORIES



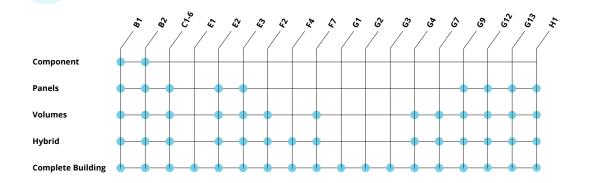
offsite time







RELEVANT BUILDING CODE CLAUSES



KEY								
A General Provisions	B1 Structure B2 Durability							
Stability Protection from Fire	E1 Surface Water E2 External Moisture E3 Internal Moisture							
Access Moisture	F2 Hazardous Building Materials F4 Safety from Falling F7 Warning Systems							
F Safety of Users G Services and Facilities	G1 Personal Hygiene G2 Laundering G3 Food Preparation G4 Ventilation G7 Natural Light G9 Electricity G12 Water Supplies G13 Foul Water							
Energy Efficiency	H1 Energy Efficiency							

CONSIDERATIONS

An overview of some of the key considerations when designing for offsite construction.

	Component	Panels	Volume	Hybrid	Complete Buil	
Structural connection to adjacent components						
Durability of particular component						
Bracing integrity of each panel						
Lining selection						
External weatherproofing / internal waterproofing						
Pre-installation of services pipework & electrical cabling						
Method of termination / reconnection						
Transportation / lifting						
Fire safety design / active and passive fire protection						
Safety from falling						
Finish level / specification @ internal junctions						
Tolerances in design and with other components						
Timing of joinery installation						
Protection of other properties						
Modification during construction						

KEYWORDS

word definition

See **glossary** for more prefabrication terms at prefabnz.com/resources



cartridge

A cartridge is a closed panel containing services, ducts, electrical conduits etc.



This is a collection of panels transported in one package to site. Refer to panelised prefabrication.

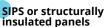


An open panel is a panelised element that consists of framing without cladding or lining. See also closed



closed panel

A closed panel is a panelised element that consists of framing with cladding or lining, or both. It may also include integrated services such as plumbing ducts and electrical conduits.



SIPs are used as building panels for floors, walls and roofs in residential and commercial buildings. (Sylvester). SIPs are one type of panelised prefabrication.

See glossary for extended definition



semi-volumetric prefabrication

This is an interchangeable term with hybrid prefabrication. Refer to hybrid prefabrication.

block

A block is another term for a module. pod or unit.

chunk

A chunk is a grouping of pre-formed materials into a complex component or module, prior to assembly at the construction site.



hybrid-based or hybridised prefabrication

Hybrid-based prefabrication is also referred to as semi-volumetric prefabrication. It consists of a mixture of volumetric or modular units and non-volumetric or panelised units (module plus panel). It may also include component and site-built elements.

kit, kit-of-parts, kitset

This is the set of components prepared away from the construction site which are then assembled on



modular home

This is a house designed using pre-existing modular products or systems and built at the site using a combination of modular and standard materials (Sylvester). A modular home meets building codes and is permanently fixed to a foundation on site.

panelised home

A building designed using preexisting panelised products/systems and built on-site using panelised prefab components and "standard" materials (Sylvester).

WHO **Industry snapshot**

 A brief selection of prefabricated elements developers available throughout New Zealand.

Areas of Measurement

Type of Project



Transport Size



Component

CHH WoodProducts

Prefabricated timber framing Glulam / LVL components



Floor cassettes



Prefabricated timber framing





Prefabricated Steel framing









Pryda

Pre-nailed truss and frame assembly





W+R Jack

Cross Laminated timber CLT and CNC Machinery



PlaceMakers





NZ Steel





Panels

Plywood (Panels)



XLam

Cross laminated timber Can be used for floors, walls, ceilings, volumes, and complete buildings

Spanbild

Closed panel production at Concision factory - walls, floors and roof elements

Altus

Fast easy window systems installation





Apex

Apex wiring solutions And Ke Kelit NZ for plumbing

Volume

Stanley

Cross laminated / mass timber framed construction, custom panels and volumes



NZ SIPS

Timber structural insulated panels





UNIpod

Open source bathroom pod design

Working with Tall Wood



James Hardie

Facade systems



Metra Panel

Reconstituted timber panels, walls, ceiling and floors. Also used for bathroom pods.





PLB Construction

Transportable homes using Metra panels Also make bathroom pods



Complete Building

Laing Homes

Transportable homes using Metra panels



Haven Transportables

Transportable homes



Keith Hay Homes

Transportable homes



Genius Homes

Transportable prefabricated and kitset homes



Matrix Homes

Volumetric and transportable homes





